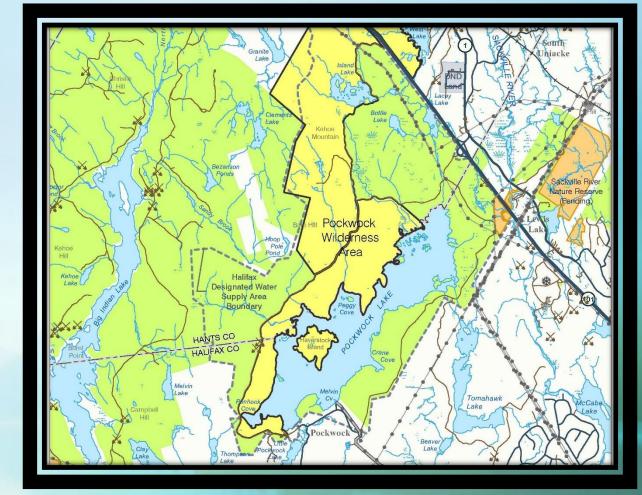
An Original Gem

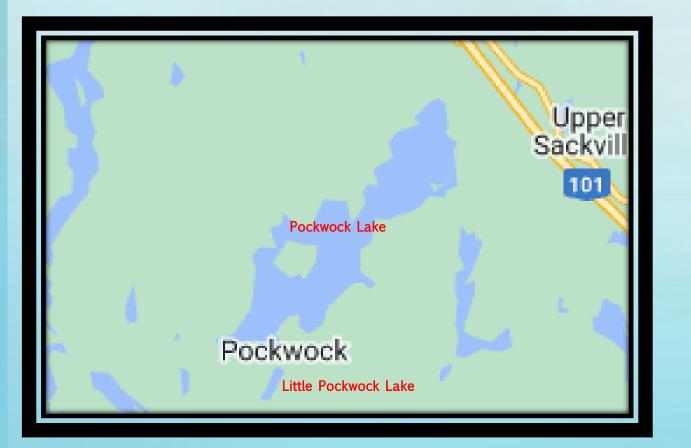
The Pockwock Lake Story

Pockwock Lake Features



- Largest Lake in Area
 Elongated in Shape 18 KM long
 A historic Healthy Fish Supply

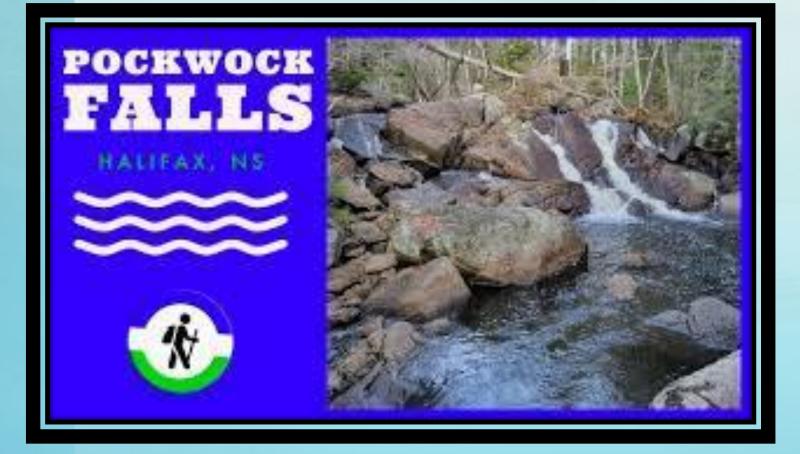
- Pristine quality of water
 Surrounded by virgin forests



Pockwock Lake - Area

River flows from head of lake into Little Pockwock Lake

River flowing from Little Pockwock Lake contains Pockwock Falls



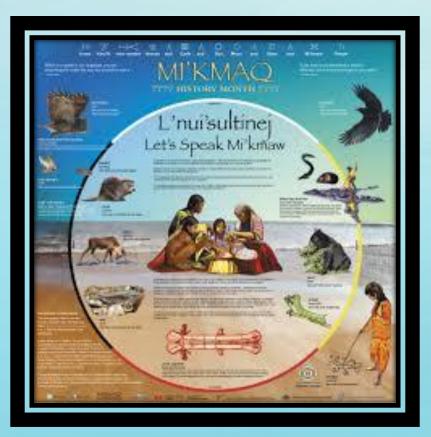
Pockwock Falls Proper Hiking Trail

Pockwock Lake – Sat for Centuries as a Virgin Natural Paradise – Rich with Wildlife



The Mi' Kmaq – First Human Contact

Not sure when first contact was made?

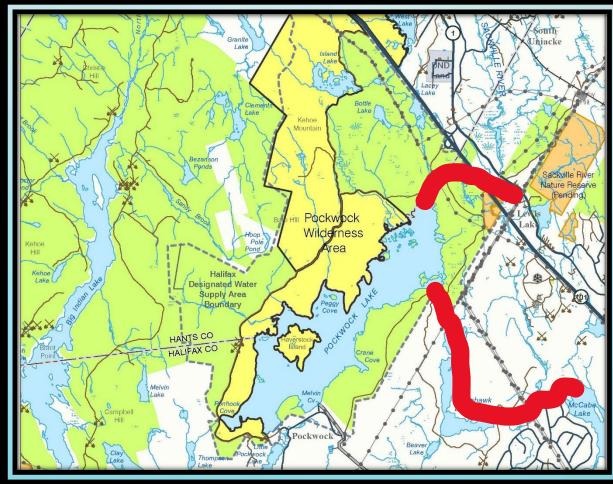


The Mi' Kmaq – Winter Encampments

A small group of Mi' Kmaq used area around lake as winter residence



The Mi' Kmaq – Winter Encampments Travelled to Bedford Basin for summer season – via waterways



The Mi' Kmaq – Uses of Pockwock Lake

Reliable Source of Food-Water / Transportation / Forests around lake

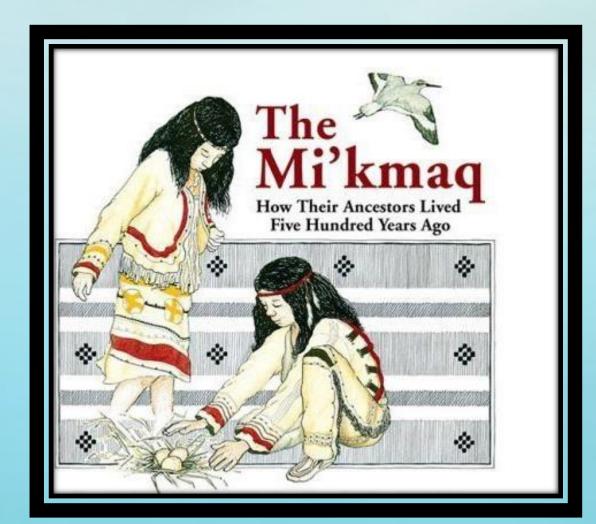


The Mi' Kmaq – The Moose Used for meat, clothing and making tools

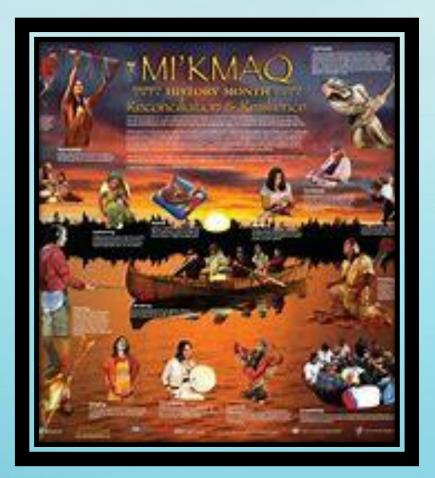


Pockwock Lake – The name

Thought to have originated from Mi' Kmaq word Paakwaak – which means stop here, you can not go any further



Pockwock Lake – The name Context of Name



 Mi' Kmaq had name for the lake

 May have meant that the area had all the requirements for winter encampment – no need to go further

European Contact

Probably in 1700's but may have been in 1600's at Bedford Basin



European Contact

Disease hits Mi' Kmaq nation – Leading to decline in population in area



Ice Hockey on Pockwock Lake?



European Contact

Disease hits Mi' Kmaq nation – Leading to decline in population in area



English Claim Nova Scotia

1713 – Treaty of Utrecht (English claim military control over NS) 1749 – Halifax is founded 1760's-80's – Lands are granted to English subjects and immigrants



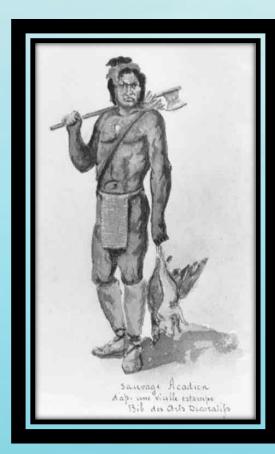
English Claim Nova Scotia

1713 – Treaty of Utrecht (English claim military control over NS) 1749 – Halifax is founded 1760's – 80's – Lands in Pockwock area are granted to English subjects and immigrants



Mi' Kmaq presence disappears

No records exists as to when and how. Thought to be as result of disease and conflict with English. By 1800, population of Mi' Kmaq very small in Pockwock area.



Pockwock Area recognized for its forests

British interested in timber in the area / Lands at petition for



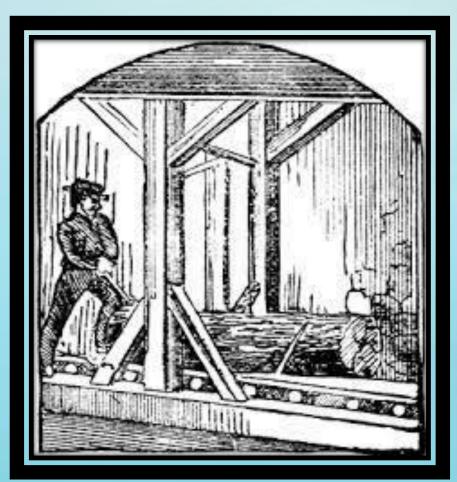
1823 – First Mill is built on Pockwock Lake

4 business partners Jacob Shaffer, William Lunn, John Wright and Phillip Leighteizer petitioned and were granted for lands around Pockwock Lake to build a sawmill.



1823 – First Mill is built on Pockwock Lake

They built their mill at the foot of Pockwock Lake, along the river that ran from Big Pockwock to Little Pockwock Lake.



1800's - Pockwock Area Established as Forestry Center



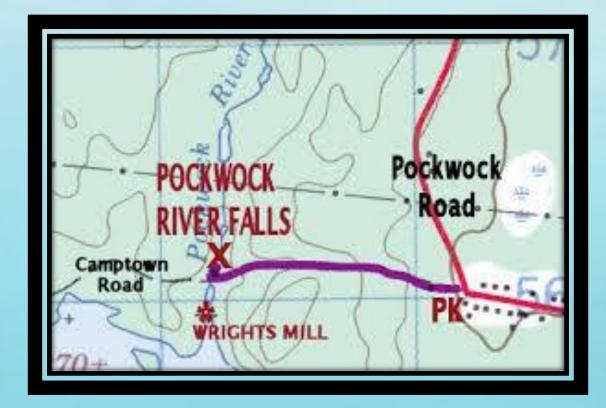
1800's - Pockwock Area Established as Forestry Center

Logs were cut along the shores of the lake and floated to the mill during the spring and summer seasons to be sawed into lumber.



1800's – Road is established to Pockwock Lake

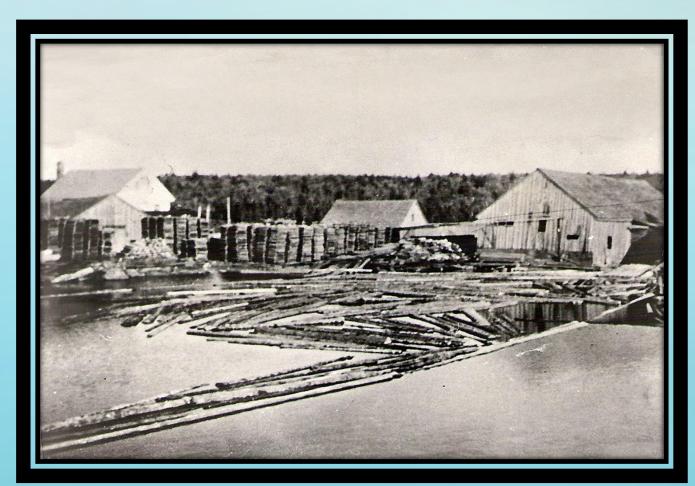
At some point in later 1800's a road is built to Pockwock Lake from Kemptown Corner



1800's - The Hays Era

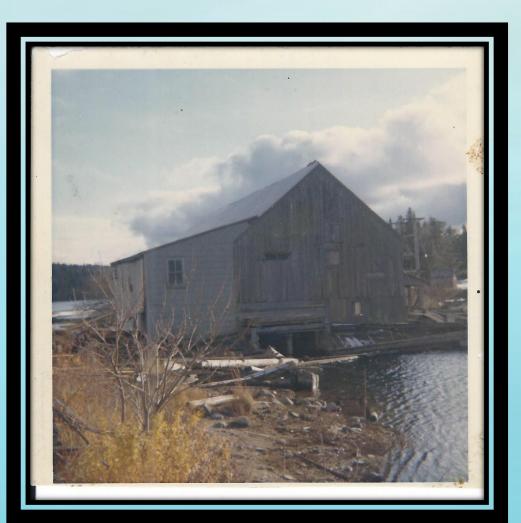
1830's - Original Mill on Pockwock Lake moved to Wright's Lake

Soon after Wesley Hays buys former mill property and establishes a large mill at the foot of Pockwock Lake.



1800's - The Hays Era

The Hays Family establishes the mill on Pockwock Lake as the largest commercial operation in Hammonds Plains area.



1800's - The Hays Era

The Hays family builds a residence beside the mill, establishing the community known as Pockwock.



1889 – Hays sells to Haverstock/Moran Families

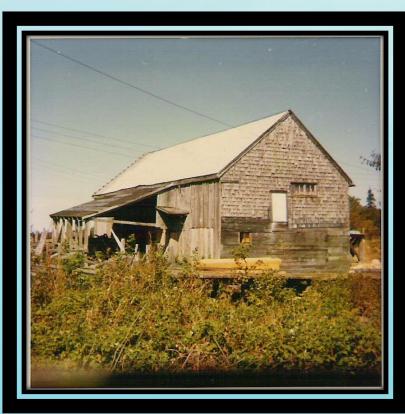
The Hays Mill is split into two operations.



The Moran Presence Lindsay and Eliza Moren move into Hays residence. Small village is established, including a school. Lindsay becomes leading HP figure, including local councillor



The Haverstock Presence Haverstock Family headed by Henry Haverstock & Sons (Henry, Edwin, Ronzo) forms a generational foresty dynasty at Pockwock Lake (lasting 80+ years



Logging at Pockwock Lake

Trees were cut in the woods around the lake in winter

Logs put in a log boom – Floated to mill in spring



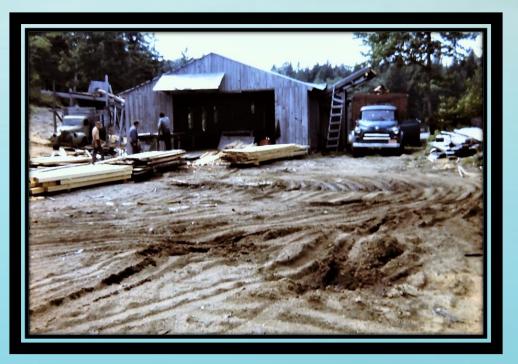


Logging at Pockwock Lake

Logs taken from lake to sawmill

Logs get turned into lumber at sawmill





Lumber Camps at Pockwock Lake

Animals

Cook House





The Lumber Mills Located at head of lake – near river



Pockwock Lake Recreational Playground

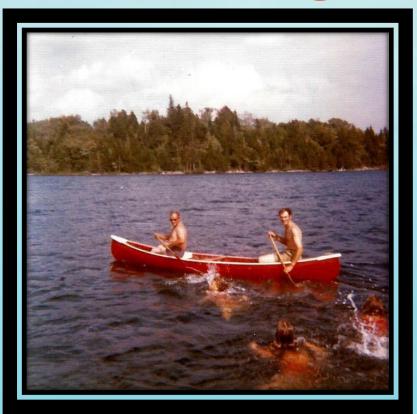
Fishing – Trout Abounds





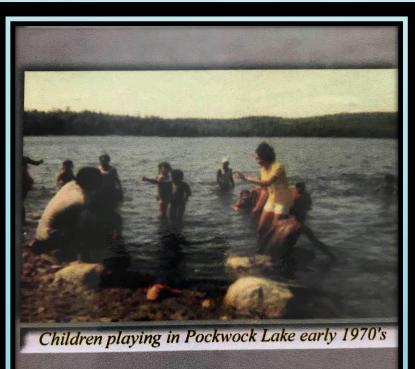
Pockwock Lake as a Recreational Playground

Boating

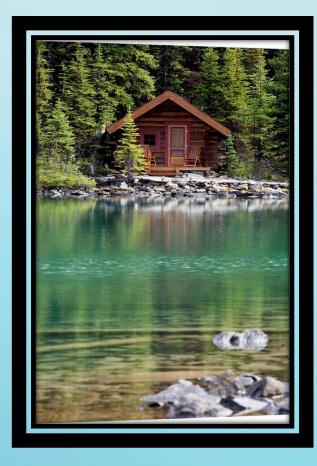


Pockwock Lake as a Recreational Playground

Swimming



Pockwock Lake as a Recreational Playground



Cottages





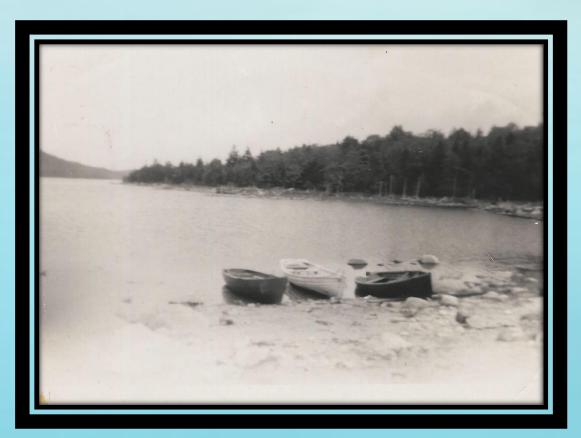
Pockwock Lake – A Victoria Day Tradition A holiday of fishing, boating, picnics



Pockwock Lake – Winter Fun Car driving over the ice



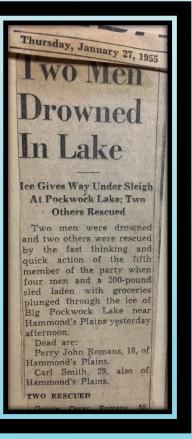
Pockwock Lake – Dams Dams have been created at head of lake to regulate water flow. Pockwock Lake – Boat Launch Boat Launch & Parking Lot to allow easy access for boating put in – 1900's

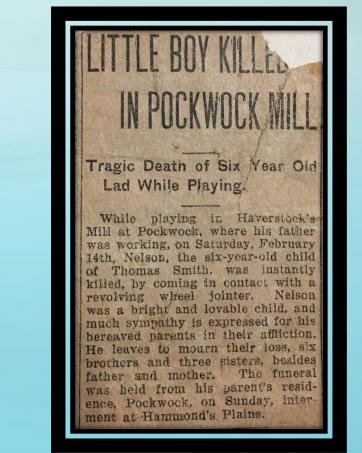


Pockwock Lake Tragedies 1955 Drowning 1912 Mill Accident



HAULED TO SAFETY—Quick action on the part of 21-year-old Garvie Ivan Romans (right) of Hammond's Plains, was credited with saving the lives of his father, Garvie Oscar Romans (centre), and his uncle. Wesley Romans (left). He doffed his jacket and shirt, knotted them together, and pulled them to safety after they had plunged through the ice into the waters of Big Pockwock Lake. Drowned were the hero's brother, Perry John Romans (inset). 18, and his fined, Carl Smith 29, (Polo by Slauwhite).





Pockwock Lake – Halifax Water Supply After WW2 discussions started about replacing the outdated Halifax Chain Lake Water Supply System.



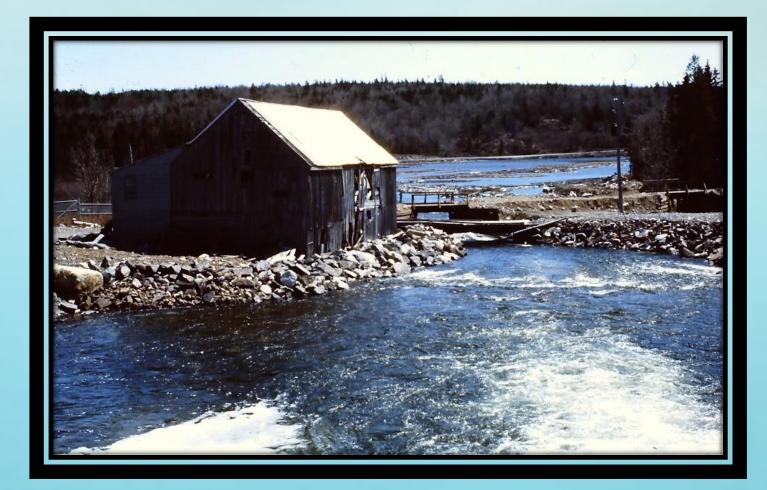
Pockwock Lake – Halifax Water Supply By 1960's discussions and negotiations by Halifax City Staff became serious. Due to it's large supply and relative isolation, Pockwock Lake was identified has the preferred lake.



 1970's – Decision made to put new water system at Pockwock Lake. Lands are expropriated. Homes, cottages and last mill operation are removed.

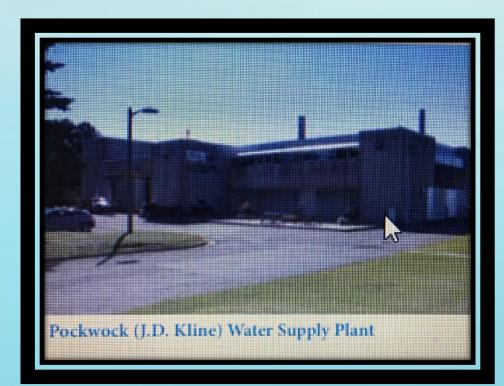


• 1973 - Construction is started for new water treatment plants.



• Excess to the lake for the general public was no longer permitted, ending the era of commercial and recreational dreams for generations of Hammonds Plains residents.

1977 - The J. Douglas Kline Water Supply Plant opened using a direct dual media filtration.



Since 1977 upgrades have been made to Pockwock Water Treatment System. Pockwock Lake is protected either as watershed or wilderness area.



Pockwock Lake – The Future

What happens to Pockwock Lake after Halifax Water leaves?

An Original Gem

The Pockwock Lake Story

A Hammonds Plains Historical Society Presentation – May 30. 2022